



The Monday Night Club
The Lodge, Dingle Road, Leigh
Worcester WR6 5JX
Tel: 07973788029

www.themondaynightclub.org.uk
Registered charity number 1160646

Safeguarding Policy

The Monday Night Club policy follows guidelines set out in Worcestershire Safeguarding Adults Board Guidance and West Midlands Adult Safeguarding Policy and Procedures (which should be read in conjunction with this policy).

The Monday Night Club is committed to supporting the right of adults at risk to be protected from abuse and to making sure all staff and volunteers work together, in line with the WSAB, and act promptly when dealing with allegations or suspicions of abuse.

We think that:

SAFEGUARDING IS EVERYBODY'S BUSINESS - Safeguarding is the responsibility of everyone. We will work together to prevent and minimise abuse. If we have concerns that someone is being abused our loyalty to the person with care and support needs comes before anything else – our group, other service users, our colleagues and the person's friends and family.

DOING NOTHING IS NOT AN OPTION - If we know or suspect that a person with care and support needs is being abused, we will do something about it and ensure our work is properly recorded. We will work within the boundaries of the Multi-Agency Safeguarding Adults Procedures.

Named person with responsibility for this Safeguarding policy:

Helen Gill, Chief Executive Officer

Contact:

email: helen@themondaynightclub.org.uk

address: The Lodge, Dingle Road, Leigh, Worcester WR6 5JX

phone: 07973 788029

Adults with care and support needs

The adult safeguarding duties under the Care Act 2014 apply to an adult, aged 18 or over, who:

- **has** needs for care and support (whether or not the local authority is meeting any of those needs) and.
- **is** experiencing, or at risk of, abuse or neglect, and
- **as a result** of those care and support needs is unable to protect themselves from either the risk of, or the experience of, abuse or neglect.

Care and support is the mixture of practical, financial and emotional support for adults who need extra help to manage their lives and be independent - including older people, people with a disability or long-term illness, people with mental health problems, and carers. Care and support includes assessment of people's needs,

provision of services and the allocation of funds to enable a person to purchase their own care and support. It could include care home, home care, personal assistants, day services or the provision of aids and adaptations.

Abuse is a violation of an individual's human and civil rights by any other persons(s) or group of people. Abuse may be single or repeated acts. It can be:

1. Physical: for example, hitting, slapping, burning, pushing, restraining or giving the wrong medication.
2. Psychological and emotional: for example, shouting, swearing, frightening, blaming, ignoring or humiliating a person, threats of harm or abandonment, intimidation, verbal abuse.
3. Financial: including the illegal or unauthorised use of a person's property, money, pension book or other valuables, pressure in connection with wills, property or inheritance.
4. Sexual: such as forcing a person to take part in any sexual activity without his or her informed consent – this can occur in any relationship.
5. Discriminatory: including racist or sexist remarks or comments based on a person's disability, age or illness, and other forms of harassment, slurs or similar treatment. This also includes stopping someone from being involved in religious or cultural activity, services or support networks.
6. Institutional: the collective failure of an organisation to provide an appropriate and professional service to people with care and support needs. This includes a failure to ensure the necessary safeguards are in place to protect people with care and support needs and maintain good standards of care in accordance with individual needs, including training of staff, supervision and management, record keeping and liaising with other providers of care.
7. Neglect and acts of omission: including ignoring medical or physical care needs. These can be deliberate or unintentional, amounting to abuse by a carer or self-neglect by the person with care and support needs: for example, where a person is deprived of food, heat, clothing, comfort or essential medication, or failing to provide access to appropriate health or social care services.

How Might We Notice Abuse?

Concerns about or evidence of abuse can come to us through:

1. A direct disclosure by the person with care and support needs.
2. A complaint or expression of concern by another member of staff, a volunteer, another service user, a carer, a member of the public or relative.
3. An observation of the behaviour of the person with care and support needs by the volunteer, member of staff or carer.

Our Commitment

To support people with care and support needs who are experiencing, or at risk from, abuse. The Monday Night Club is committed to:

- Identifying the abuse of people with care and support needs where it is occurring.
- Responding effectively to any circumstances giving grounds for concern, or where formal complaints or expressions of anxiety are expressed.
- Ensuring the active participation of individuals, families, groups and communities wherever possible and appropriate.

- Raising awareness of the extent of abuse on people with care and support needs and its impact on them.
- Promoting and supporting work designed to reduce abuse and the fear of abuse as experienced by people with care and support needs
- Regularly monitoring and evaluating how our policies, procedures and practices for protecting people with care and support needs are working.
- Making sure our policies, procedures and practices stay up to date with good practice and the law in relation to safeguarding people with care and support needs.
- Ensuring our procedures are in line with the Worcestershire Safeguarding Adults Board Guidance.

Prevention and Confidentiality

All staff and volunteers will be requested to read The Monday Night Club's Safeguarding Policy and Procedure and Worcestershire Safeguarding Adults Board Guidance.

The Monday Night Club will work with people with care and support needs in a way that meets all the aspects of confidentiality in our different policies, but where abuse to a person with care and support needs is alleged, suspected, reported or concerns are raised, the Safeguarding Adults Procedure in the Worcestershire Safeguarding Adults Board Guidance must be followed. The confidentiality of the person will be respected wherever possible and their consent obtained to share information. The person should be made aware that staff cannot ignore issues around abuse and that steps will be taken to deal with them in as sensitive a manner as possible. The welfare of the individual is paramount.

The Monday Night Club DBS Policy

The MNC DBS Policy should be read in conjunction with the MNC Safeguarding Policy.

Further information:

West Midlands Adult Safeguarding Policy and Procedures www.worcestershire.gov.uk

Recognising and Responding to Abuse Guidance www.worcestershire.gov.uk

Model Safeguarding Procedure

1. You think abuse has or may have occurred. Act immediately.
 - Make sure the person is safe.
 - Inform your line manager immediately.
 - Contact the police if it is thought a crime has been committed. Record details of the allegation.
2. Bringing the concern to the attention of Helen Gill who in turn will contact Worcestershire Safeguarding Adults Board, or the Police.

Helen Gill is obliged to discuss the concerns with another Trustee, or contact the local authority referral agency or the police straight away.

Social Services or the Police will decide what to do next.

A Model Procedure in Detail

You think abuse has or may have occurred. Act immediately.

It is the responsibility of the person first becoming aware of a situation where there may be a people with care and support needs subject to, or at risk of, abuse to:

Make Safe

Deal with the immediate needs of the person. This may mean taking reasonable steps to ensure the adult is in no immediate danger and seeking medical treatment if required as a matter of urgency.

Do NOT discuss the allegation of abuse with the alleged perpetrator.

Do NOT disturb or destroy articles that could be used in evidence. Where an assault of some kind is suspected do not wash or bathe the person unless this is associated with first aid treatment necessary to prevent further harm.

If the allegation is about a staff member or volunteer of any organisation, ensure that the allegation is properly managed. This may include suspending the member(s) of staff or volunteer. The staff member or volunteer is also entitled to support at this stage. Please refer to the Disciplinary Policy and Procedure.

Inform

Tell the Chief Executive if your line manager is unavailable or is implicated in the allegation. Contact the police if it is thought a crime has been committed.

Record

Record details of the allegation as soon as possible somewhere that can be kept secure. Include:

- a. The allegation or concerns, including the date and time of the incident, what the people with care and support needs said about the abuse and how it occurred or what has been reported to you.
- b. The appearance and behaviour of the victim.
- c. Any injuries observed.

It is the responsibility of the line manager or Chief Executive to:

1. Decide without delay on the most appropriate course of action once the allegation or suspicion of abuse has been raised.
2. Deal with any immediate needs:
 - a. Ensure that the victim of the alleged abuse is safe
 - b. Ensure that any necessary emergency medical treatment is arranged
 - c. Ensure that no forensic evidence is lost
 - d. If the alleged perpetrator is also a person with care and support needs, ensure that a member of staff is allocated to attend to their needs and ensure that other service users are not put at risk.

3. Clarify the facts stated by the member of staff, session staff, or volunteer, but do NOT in any circumstances discuss the allegation of abuse with the alleged perpetrator or, if possible, the victim.
4. Check that the circumstances fall within the safeguarding adults procedures i.e. meeting the definition of abuse as defined in this Policy and Procedures.
5. Address issues of consent and confidentiality.
6. A formal referral must be made on the same day as the alert is raised wherever:
 - A crime has been, could have been, or yet could be committed. There is a suspicion that an abuse has taken place.
 - The allegation involves a member of staff or paid carer.
 - Other people with care and support needs are at risk.
 - The alleged perpetrator is a person with care and support needs They are unsure if abuse has taken place
7. Where a decision is made NOT to refer, the alert must be recorded, with the reasons for the decision not to refer. Bring the concern to the attention of the Chief Executive and one other Trustee.
8. The person making the referral should ideally have the following information available; however, the lack of any of this information should not delay the referral:
 - The name of the person
 - Date of birth and age
 - Address and telephone number
 - Why the adult is considered to have care and support needs
 - Whether consent has obtained for the referral, and if not the reasons e.g. the person lacks mental capacity or there is an over-riding public interest (e.g. where other people with care and support needs are at risk).
 - Whether there are any concerns or doubts about the mental capacity of the person.
 - Whether the police are aware of the allegation, and whether a police investigation is underway.

This policy will be reviewed, and updated if necessary, by the Board of Trustees of The Monday Night Club once every year.

Name: Laura Gill

Position: Chair of Trustees

Date of last review: 12th April 2022